

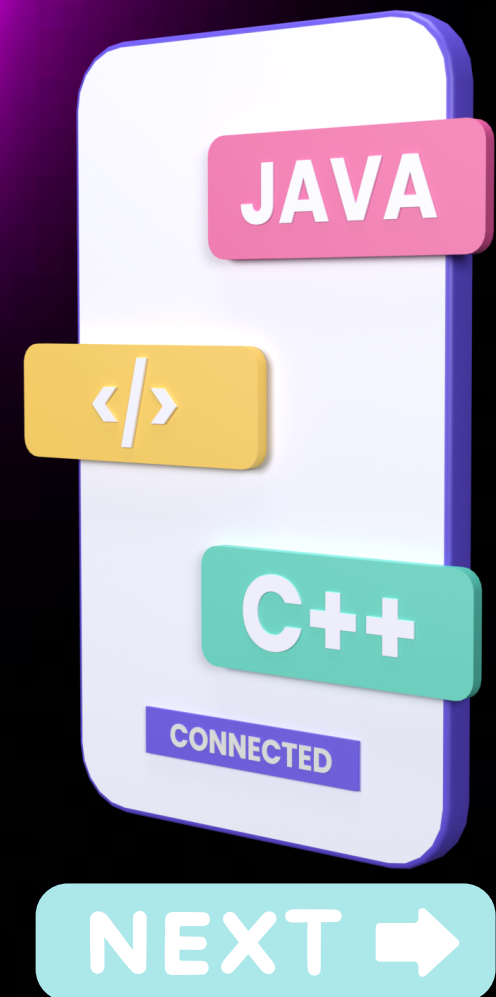


ARRAY

BLACK N WHITE

LEARN TODAY LEAD TOMORROW

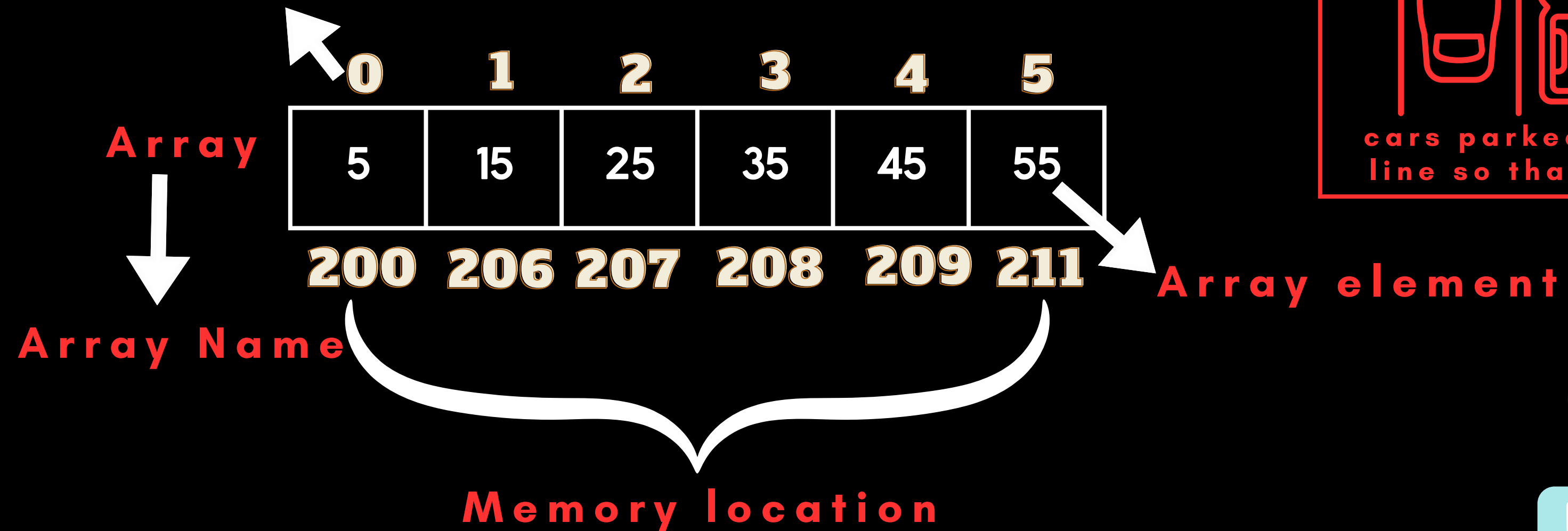
www.blacksnwhite.com



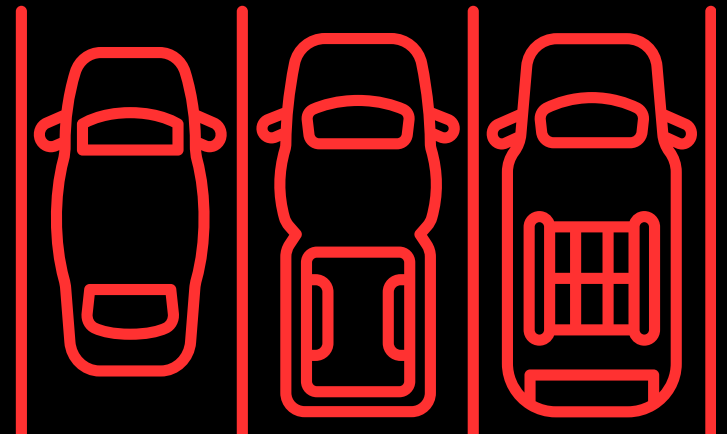
Array

- An Array is a collection of items stored at a contiguous memory location. The idea is to store multiple items of the same type together.

Index of array elements



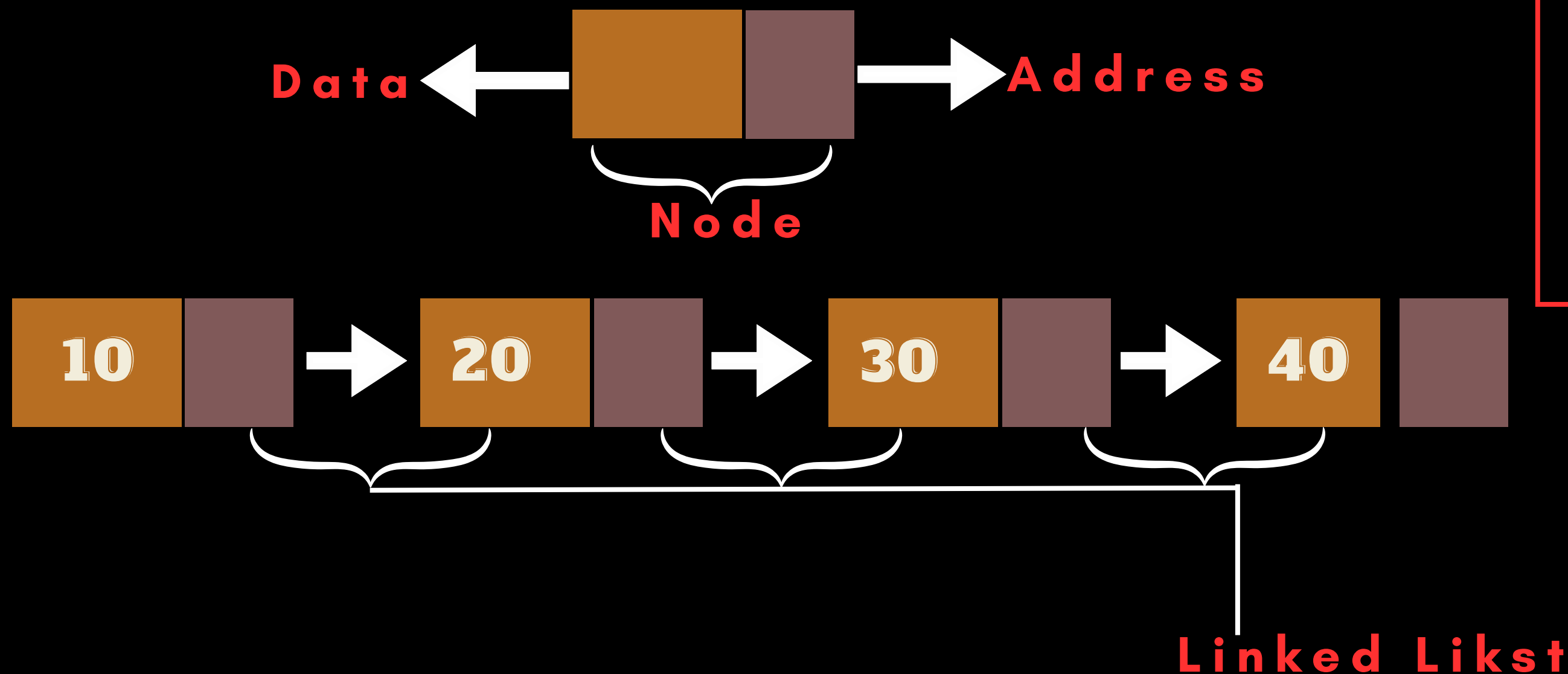
example



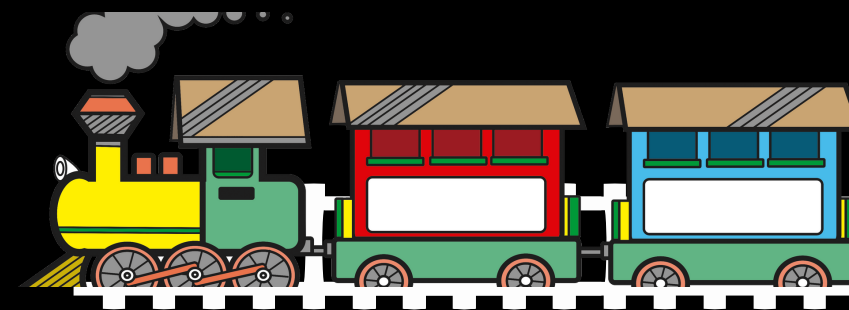
cars parked in a single line so that's is Array.

Linked List

- A Linked List is a linear data structure, in which the elements are not stored at consist of a data field and a link to the next node in the list.



example

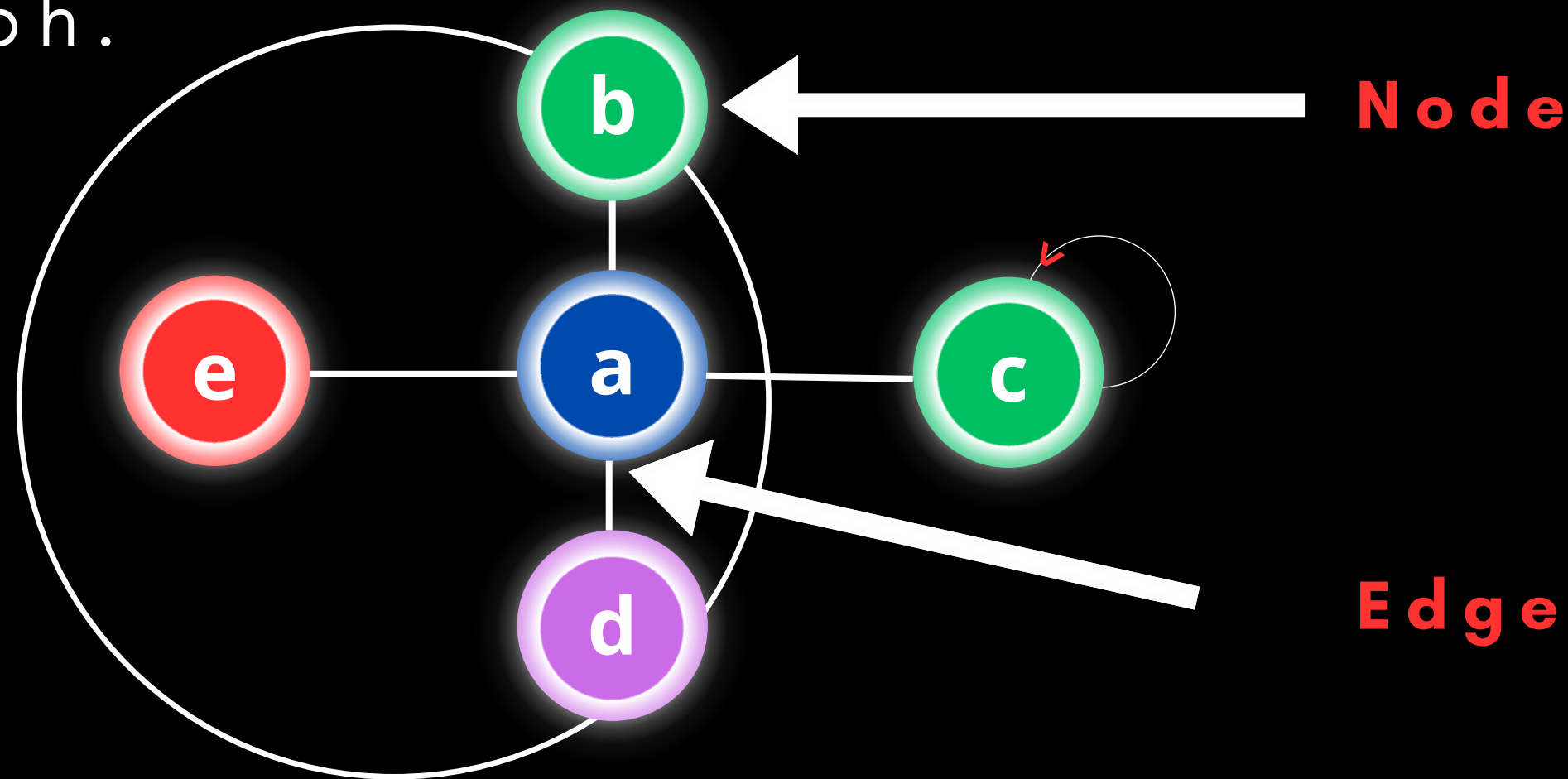


a train

NEXT ➡

Graph

- A Graph is a non-linear data structure consisting of vertices and edges. The vertices are sometime also reffered to as nodes and the edges are lines or arcs that connect any two nodes in the graph.



example

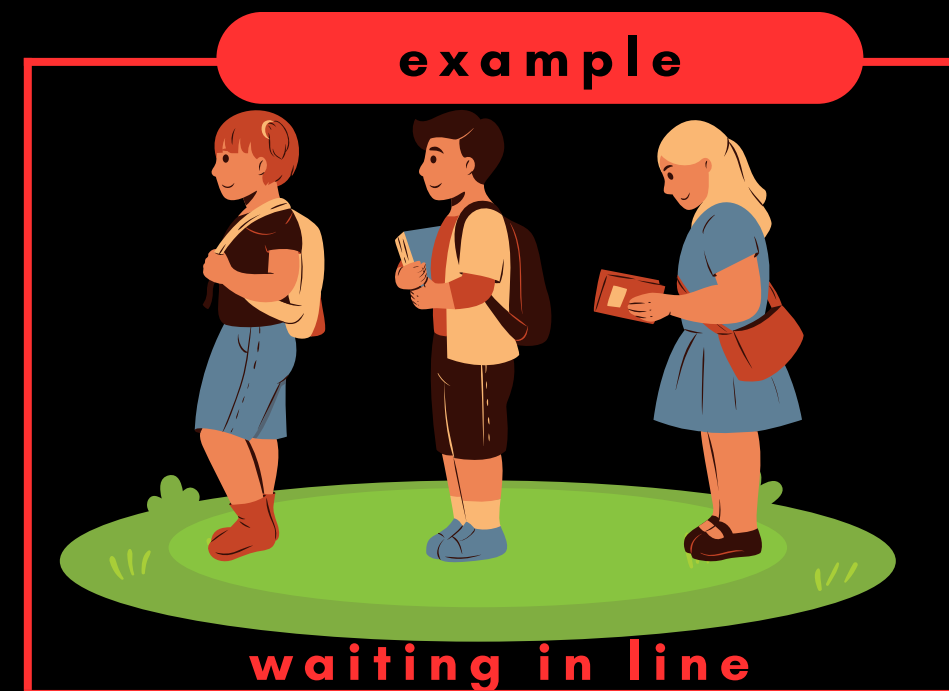
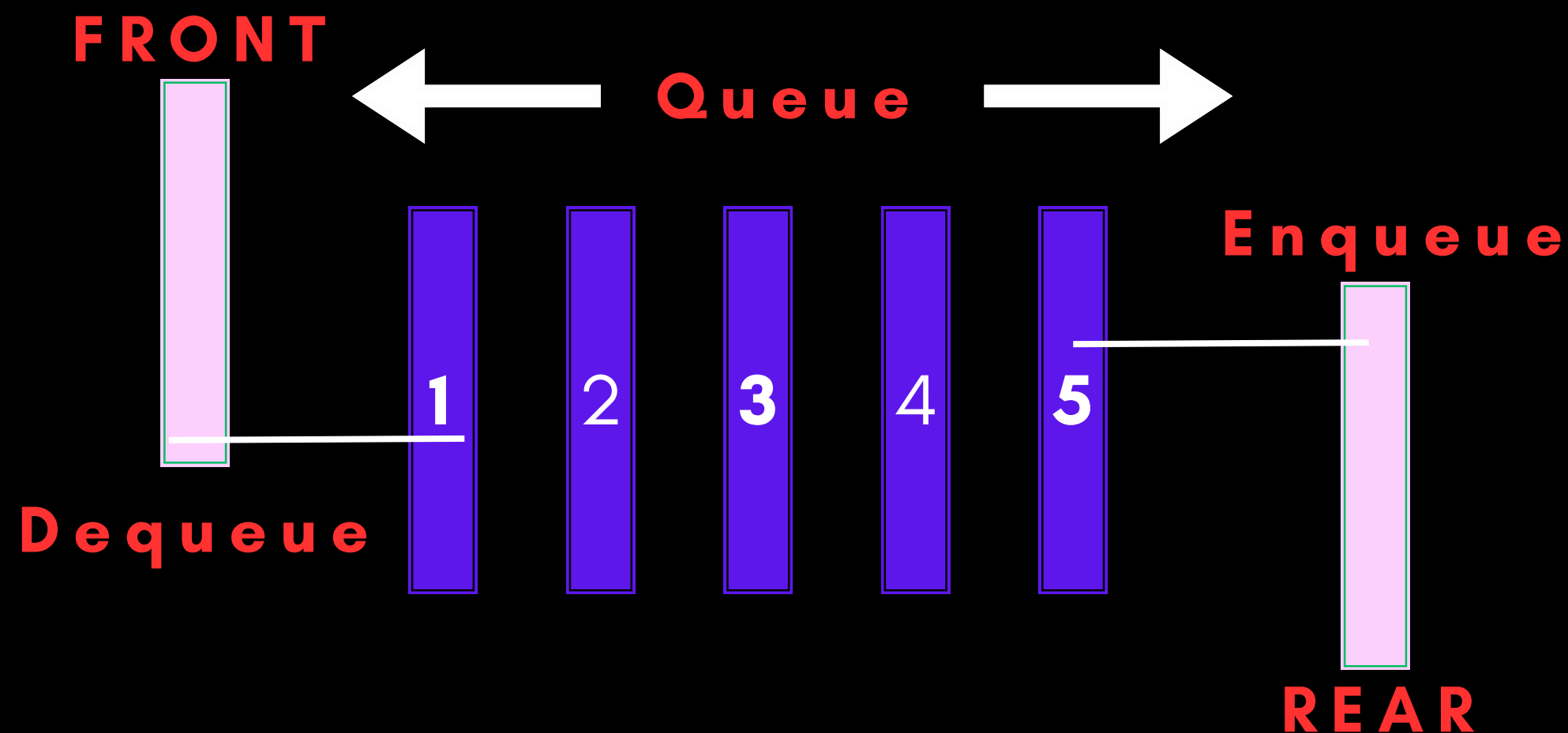


a spider web graph

NEXT ➡

Queue

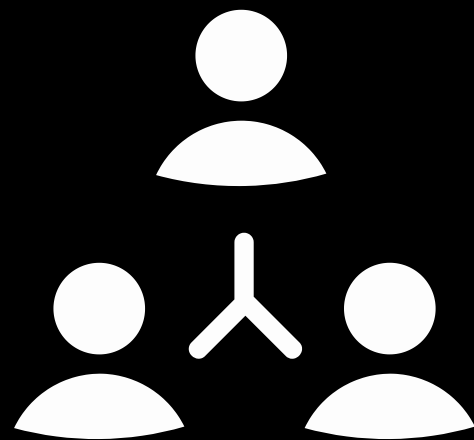
- A QUEUE is defined as a linear data structure which is open at both ends and the operations are performed in First In First Out (FIFO) order. The element which is first pushed into order, the operation is first performed on that.



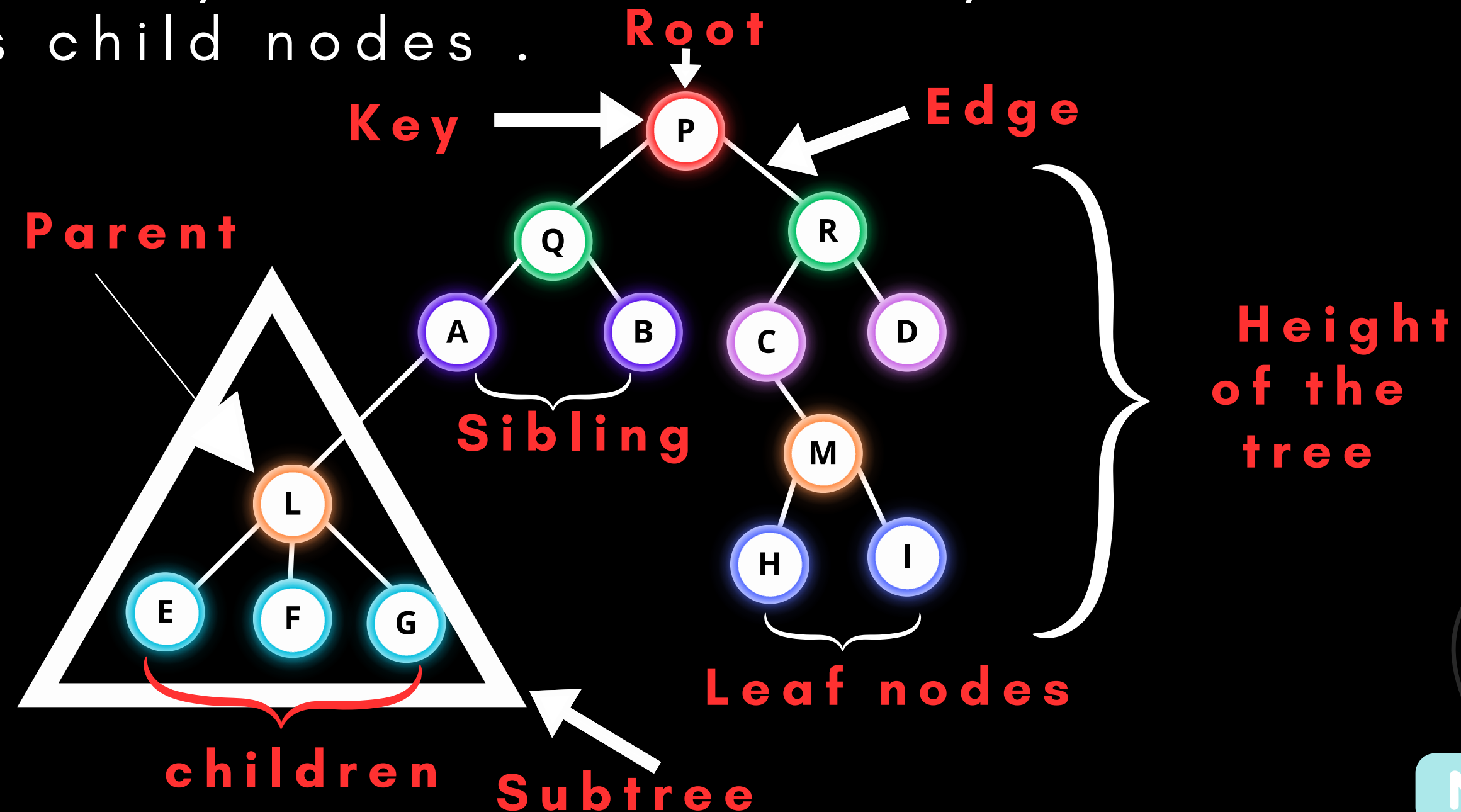
Tree

- A Tree is a non-linear hierarchical data structure that consists of nodes connected by edges. A node is an entity that contains a key or value and a pointer to its child nodes.

example



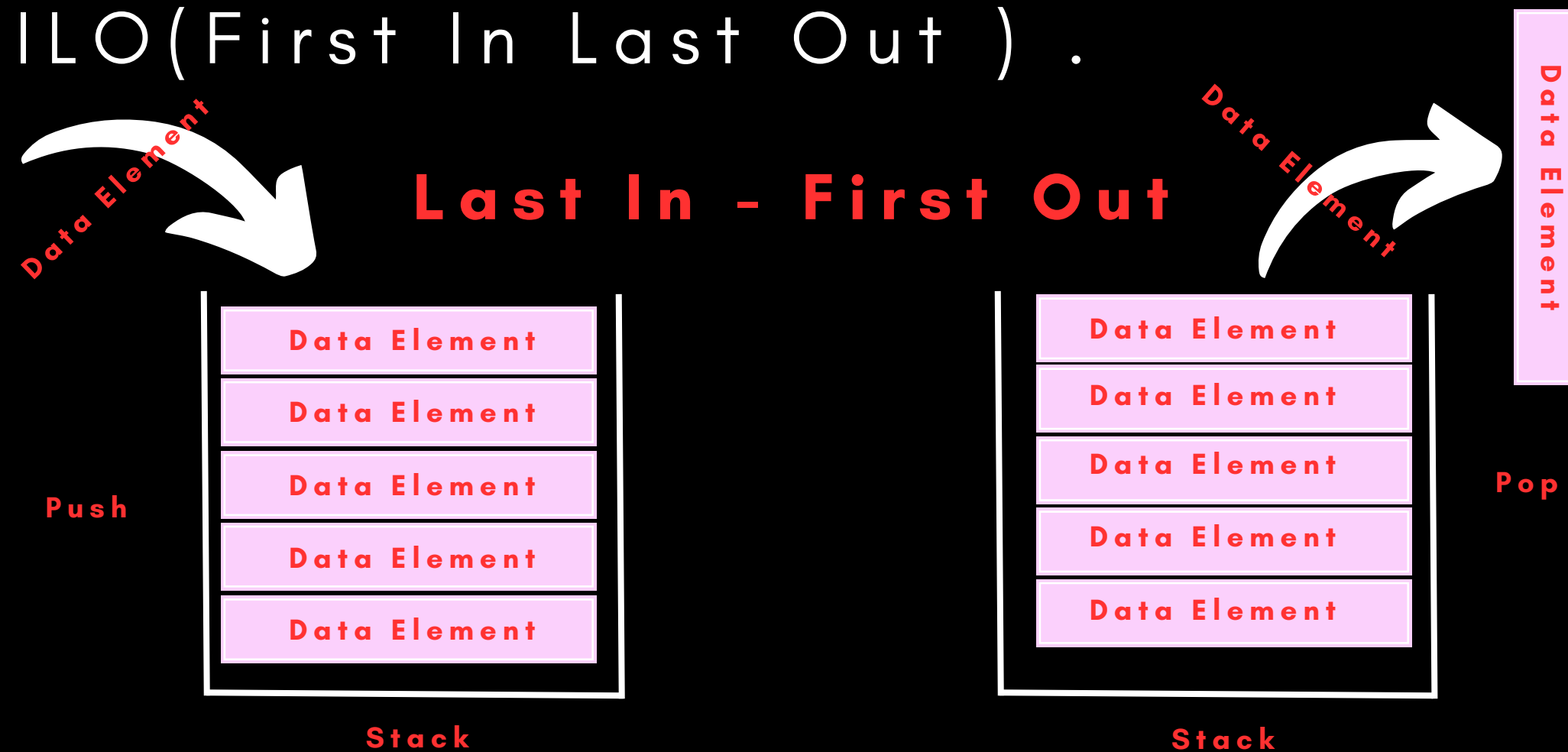
human tree



NEXT ➡

Stack

- Stack is a linear data structure that follows a particular order in which the operations are performed. The order may be LIFO (Last in First Out) or FILO (First In Last Out).



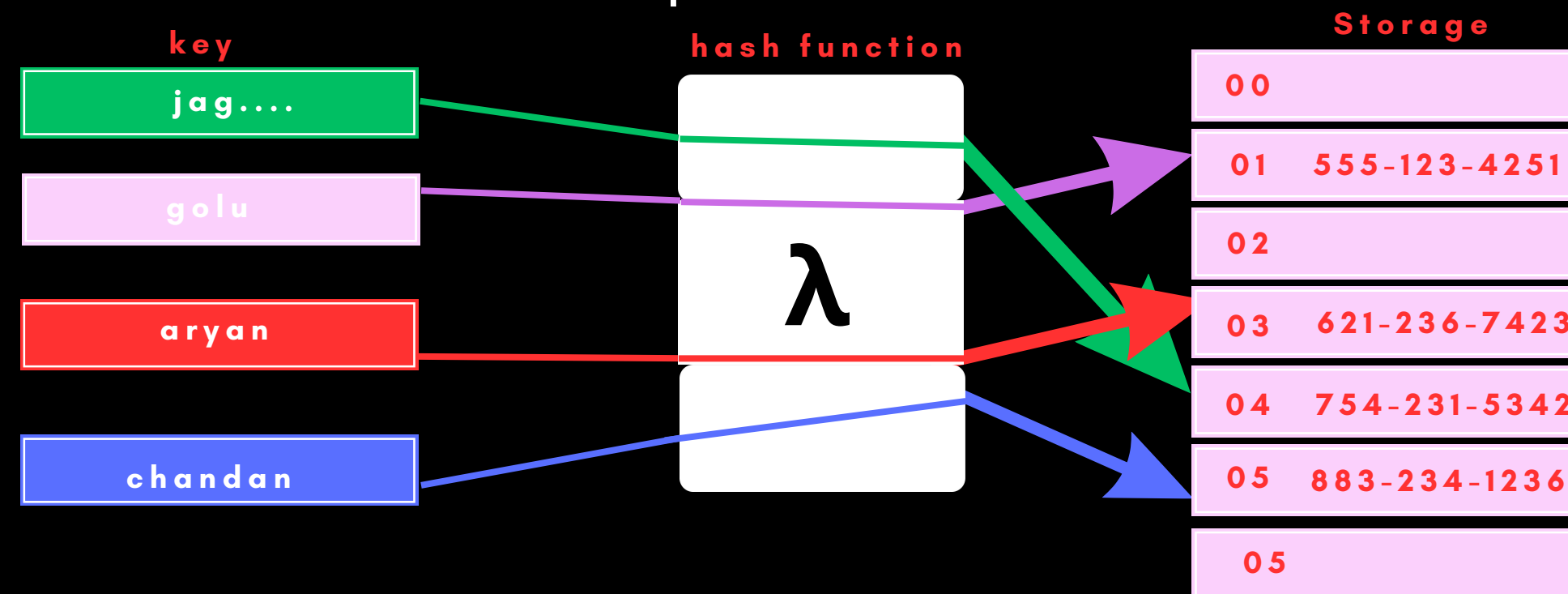
example



**stack, add from top
and reoved from top**

Hash Table

- Hash Table is a data structure that stores data in an associative manner. In a hash table, data is stored in an array format, where each data value has its own unique index value.



example



large collection

"our journey is endless"